

# Bringing Students Up to Speed as They Enter Residency

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# Disclosures

- I have no disclosures

# By the end of this talk...

- Define who is responsible for early intern performance
- Determine areas where you could improve your own transition to residency curriculum
- Differentiate want versus need when it comes to early internship skills

# Why is this important...

- “July Effect”
- High variability between new interns regarding medical knowledge, skill, and most recent patient contact
- Quickly shape expectation, efficiency, and performance in new interns

# Who's Responsibility?

- Undergraduate Medical Education (UME) Frame:
  - Finished product ready to adapt to your system
- Graduate Medical Education (GME) Frame:
  - Numerous new physicians with high variability
  - Only so many people can start on ambulatory/elective
- Now think about it in a business model, who would be responsible?

# When can we fill the void?

- Day #1 of internship/On the wards
- Intern orientation
- Post-match/pre-internship learning modules (homework)
- Push back on the medical schools (UME)

# Day #1 of Internship/On the wards

- “Schedule for Success”
  - Lighten the load to get interns up to speed
- Intern-specific conferences
  - Tulane: Friday School
  - Penn: Interactive Learning Modules
- Mentorship programs

# Intern Orientation Schedule

- Meet and Greet with Leadership
- Hospital Orientation
- Onboarding at Hospital(s)
- HR Paperwork
- Get hospital IDs, fingerprinting
- EMR(s) Orientation
- BLS/ACLS/PALS
- Compliance Training
- Physicals
- Library Orientation
- Research/Mentorship
- Clinic Orientation
- Get White Coats
- Community Tour
- Meet your new team
- What about specialty specific skills?



# Post-Match/Pre-Internship

- University of Maryland Medical Center requires all new interns to complete Institute for Healthcare Improvement modules
- Programs could develop specific learning modules to address learning objectives
- Reimburse for required modules?
- Remediation plan?

# GME: Not enough time...

- Why not push this back on UME?
- It is in UME's best interest to present a well-rounded product
- What do students do during 4<sup>th</sup> year anyway???

# Before we force something on UME...

- Would this “something” overcrowd the curriculum?
- Should it be required of all medical students?
- How can we make students think it was their idea?

# What do students do during 4<sup>th</sup> Year?

- The Answer: NOTHING!
- In reality:
  - Sub-internships
  - Away rotations
  - Licensing exams
  - Residency applications and interviews
  - Spend lots of money and accrue debt

# What good is the 4<sup>th</sup> year?

- University of Colorado student perspectives:
  - Strengthening one's residency application
  - Developing career-specific skills needed in residency
  - Pursuing personal interests
  - Exploring diverse practice settings
  - Identifying a career

# What do students think of 4<sup>th</sup> year?

- Survey of 1,367 students from 20 MD-granting medical schools in 2014
- Main purposes of 4<sup>th</sup> year:
  - Ensuring that a graduating student has the necessary skills to be a successful first-year resident in any type of residency (58.4% strongly agree or agree)
  - Gaining a broad educational experience (56.8%)
  - Maximize likelihood of matching into residency of their choice (47.9%)

# What PDs recommend during the 4<sup>th</sup> year...

- 2007 Semi-structured interviews with 30 Program Directors
- Rotations across specialties
  - Internal medicine sub-internship
  - Sub-internship in the student's future field
  - Exposure to:
    - Critical care
    - Ambulatory medicine
    - Emergency medicine

# In what ways do Interns struggle?

- Common struggles identified by Program Directors:
  - Lack of self-reflection and improvement (40% of PDs reporting struggle)
  - Poor organizational skills (33%)
  - Underdevelopment of professionalism (30%)
  - Lack of medical knowledge (27%)



# Let's take a look at what others do

- UCSF Internship Transition Course – 3 weeks
  - Management of common clinical situations
  - Management of medical emergencies
  - Communication
  - Procedures/skills labs
  - Life skills
- Johns Hopkins – Transition to Residency and Internship and Preparation for Life (TRIPLE)
  - 2 weeks
  - Patient-care skills, management skills, self-care skills

# Others around the nation

- Many schools have a month-long capstone course
  - Emory
  - George Washington
  - Penn
  - Ohio State
  - Washington University in St. Louis
- Longitudinal plus month-long capstone course
  - Duke
  - Jefferson moving in this direction

# How we got started...

- In 2013, University of Maryland SOM Clinical Years Committee tasked members to brainstorm about a way to develop a capstone course
  - Goal: Practical knowledge that will be useful during intern year
- Our team:
  - Emergency Medicine Physician - former Program Director
  - Internal Medicine Physician - former Associate Program Director and current Assistant Dean
  - Internal Medicine Physician - Associate Program Director and Sub-I Director

# Needs assessment

- We created a focus group consisting of medical students and clinical faculty from most major departments
  - Developed a topic list
- Asked the 4<sup>th</sup> year class leaders to survey their peers
  - Topic list was compared results to Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC) Graduation Questionnaire results from recent years
  - Month long elective vs. shorter boot camp
  - Peri-Match day vs. prior to graduation

# Logistics

- Targeting week before graduation
- Cover 3 half days
- Volunteer participation for students
- Mix of lecture based, small group, and simulation/skills sessions
- Each session would last 30 minutes
- Speakers were the best of the best
- Practical knowledge and skills only

# Who was there

- Students:
  - Voluntary experience open to all senior students in good standing
  - Students sacrificed pre-graduation free time
  - Half of the senior class attended
- Faculty:
  - 18 attending physicians
  - 2 pharmacists
  - 3 Internal Medicine chief residents
  - 1 registered nurse



# Student wants

- Running a code: What to do until help arrives
- “On call” scenarios
- Prescription and order writing
- Fluids
- Simulation center/procedure practice

# What we covered

- Is there a doctor in the house?
- Dangerous EKGs
- Business of medicine
- Breaking bad...news
- Competence and compassion-based medicine
- Things that go “beep” in the night
- Time management and prioritization
- Dangerous inpatient medications errors
- Fluids and electrolytes
- The acutely psychotic patient
- Anaphylaxis: when meds can kill
- Calling a consult
- What do to until your resident arrives



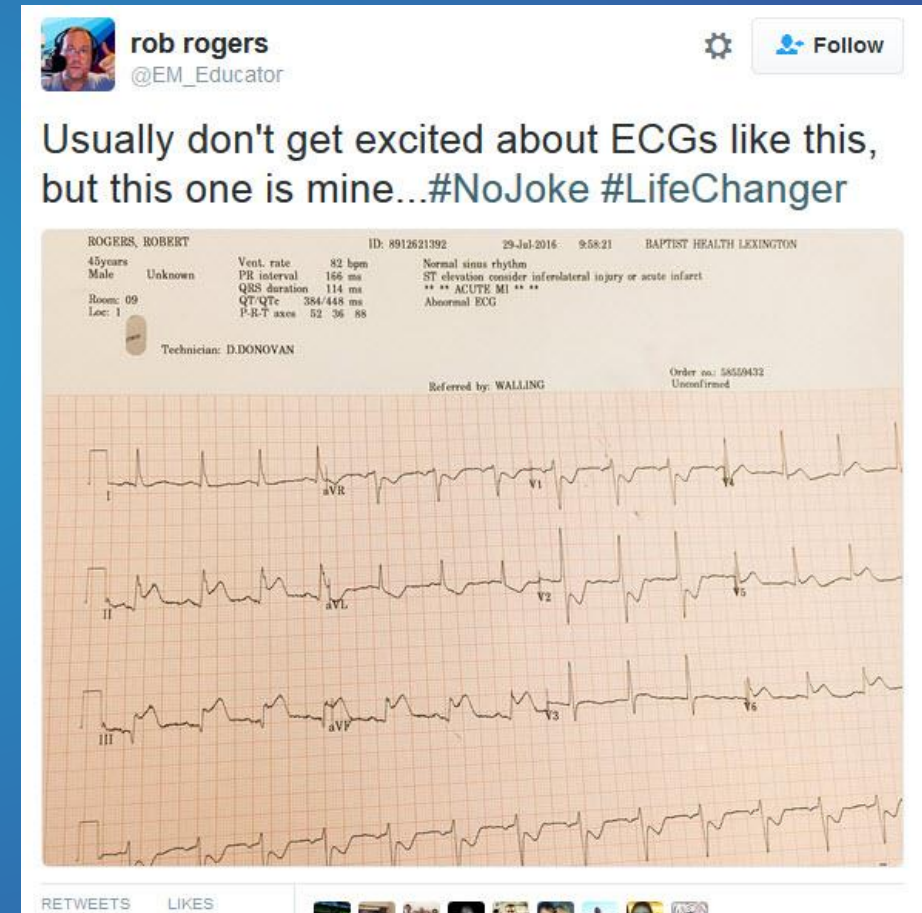
# What we covered



- Avoiding prescription errors
- Radiology findings not to miss
- Avoiding critical errors in patient handoffs
- How nurses can save you
- Rapid response simulation
- Airway lab
- Ultrasound skills lab

# Heavy Hitters – What to do before your resident arrives

- Emergency Medicine Physician
- Spoke from personal experience
- Described how to bring focus to chaos
  - EM Mantra: IV, O2, Monitor



The image is a screenshot of a tweet from user @EM\_Educator. The tweet text reads: "Usually don't get excited about ECGs like this, but this one is mine...#NoJoke #LifeChanger". Below the text is a screenshot of an ECG report from Baptist Health Lexington. The report includes patient information (ROGERS, ROBERT, 45 years old, male), vital signs (vent. rate 82 bpm), and ECG findings (Normal sinus rhythm, ST elevation consider inferolateral injury or acute infarct, \*\* ACUTE MI \*\*, Abnormal ECG). The technician is D. DONOVAN and the ECG was referred by WALLING. The ECG tracing shows leads I, aVR, V1, V4, II, aVL, V2, V5, III, aVF, V3, and V6. The report also includes a technician's name, a referred-by name, and an order number.

rob rogers  
@EM\_Educator

Usually don't get excited about ECGs like this, but this one is mine...#NoJoke #LifeChanger

ROGERS, ROBERT ID: 8912621392 29-Jul-2016 9:58:21 BAPTIST HEALTH LEXINGTON

45years Vent. rate 82 bpm Normal sinus rhythm  
Male Unknown PR interval 166 ms ST elevation consider inferolateral injury or acute infarct  
Room: 09 QRS duration 114 ms \*\* ACUTE MI \*\*  
Loc: 1 QT/QTc 384/448 ms Abnormal ECG  
P-R-T axes 82 36 88

Technician: D.DONOVAN

Referred by: WALLING Order no: 58550432 Unconfirmed

RETWEETS LIKES

# Heavy Hitters – Anaphylaxis

- Requires quick action by the intern
- Interns might react without supervision from the resident/attending
- Passionate speaker



# Heavy Hitters – Rapid Response Simulation

- 5 students per group with a high fidelity mannequin
- “Bedside RN” present
- Instructor in the control room
- 15 minute case
- 10 minute debrief
  - Debriefing with good judgment



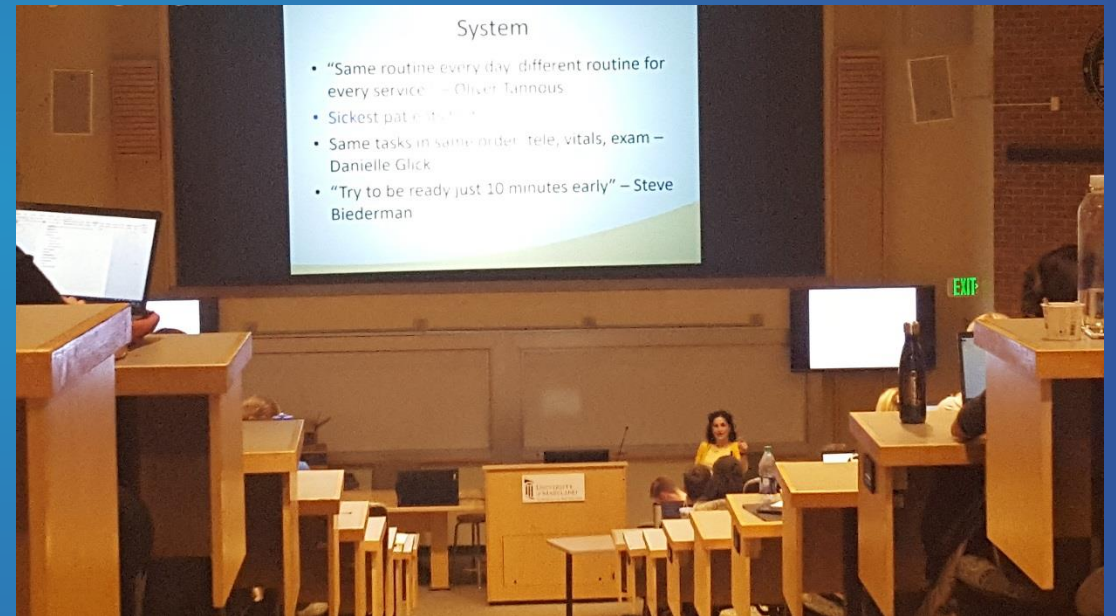
# Heavy Hitters – Skills Sessions

- Anything “hands on”
- Point of Care Ultrasound
- Airway Lab



# Heavy Hitters: Time Management & Prioritization

- Highest rated talk in terms of effectiveness
- Standard organizational and efficiency strategies for interns
- Helpful quotes from current interns



# Post-Prep Camp Evaluation Data

- Before today, how much had you learned about the topic presented in this session?
- How often have you participated directly in the care of patient/patients with the discussed problem?
- How effective was this session and the presenter(s) in teaching you valuable intern skills?
- How would you describe your confidence in caring for patients before today's session?
- How would you describe your confidence in caring for patients after today's session?

# What we heard back from students

- “Put in perspective what will be most vital for me for next year.”
- “Focused a lot on practical skills that will help you as a new physician.”
- “Many of these sessions or similar sessions should have been done earlier in med school.”



# Snap back before the dust settles

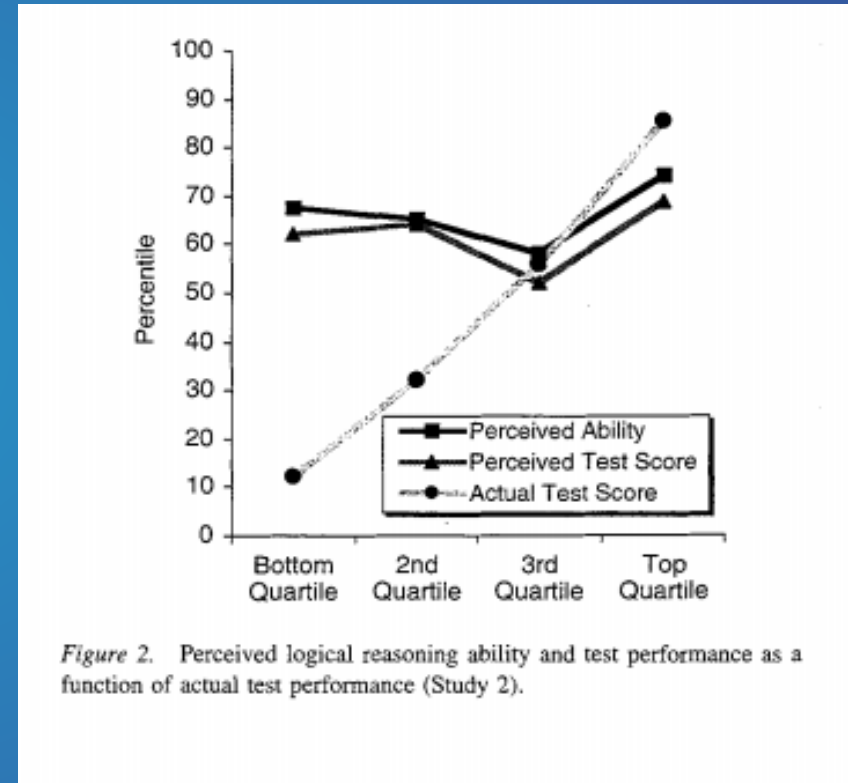
- Matched evaluation data with audits of sessions by course masters
- Modified or dropped sessions that were rated poorly
- Recalibrated many talks to be more clinically relevant
- Heaped praise on the most successful sessions

# Self Assessment vs. Competence

- Systematic Review
  - Compared self-rated assessments with external observations
- A number of studies found the worst accuracy in self-assessment among physicians who were the least skilled and those who were the most confident
- Suggests physicians have limited ability to accurately self-assess

# Dunning-Kruger Effect

- “Unskilled and unaware of it”
- Paradox:
  - Sessions helped to improve skills of students.
  - Sessions also increased metacognitive competence and helped them recognize the limitations in their abilities
- We noticed that students highly rated some sessions but did not see is similar boost in confidence



# 3 months out

- We resurveyed attendees with a 3 month follow up survey
- 29 students completed the survey (45% of original attendees)
- 81% of respondents reported using the information learned during the course hourly, daily, or weekly

# By the end of this talk...

- Define who is responsible for early intern performance
  - Everyone – the student/intern, UME, and GME
- Determine areas where you could improve your own transition to residency curriculum
  - Target highly rated faculty, targeted small group sessions, hands on
- Differentiate want versus need when it comes to early internship skills
  - What to do before your resident arrives, rapid response scenarios
  - Efficiency, organizational skills